Teacher's Please Note - you will find all of these answers in the Teacher's Notes

Key Concept 1 - People can discover God and God's holiness through places, times, things and in the world (L1-6)

1)Holy means full of goodness, connected to God

2)A holy place where God is with us is a church, a marae, a home

3)A holy time where God is with us is when we are close to those we love, when we talk to God in prayer, when we are being kind and loving and when we laugh and have fun.

4)Something that reminds us that God is with us is everything in the world that God created.

5)Good times are holy because they remind us of God

6)Who created the word - God

7)We show God we enjoy being in the world when we care for it and thank and praise God for it.

8)We show God we care for the world when we look after animals and plants and when we are careful not to damage or spoil anything that God created.

Key Concept 2 - Ways of doing things (rituals) everyday and in the Church(L7-8)

9)A ritual is a set way of doing things, they give patterns to our lives and they help us understand what is happening.

10)A ritual we have at home is cleaning our teeth before bed, doing our homework, reading a bedtime story, having breakfast and packing our back packs for school.

11)A ritual we have at Church is blessing ourselves with holy water, genuflecting before we go into our seat, standing to listen to the gospel, lighting candles, shaking hands.

Key Concept 3 - The Eucharist is a time to praise and worship God who is holy (L9)

12)People can pray and worship God on Sundays when they sing, pray and give thanks to God and listen to God's Word at Eucharist.

# Teacher's Please Note - you will find all of these answers in the Teacher's Notes

**Key Concept 1** - Baptism with its rituals and symbols is a special meeting with Jesus where people are welcomed into the Church (L1-4)

1) A Sacrament is a special meeting with Jesus

2)The Sacrament of Baptism welcomes people into the Church which is God's family

3)The four symbols of Baptism are the candle, the water, the holy oil and the white garment.

4)The rituals we use when we celebrate Baptism are welcoming people, praying, anointing (blessing) with holy oil (Chrism), blessing and pouring the water on the head of the person, putting on the white garment and giving and receiving a lighted baptism candle.

5)The words of Baptism are I baptise you in the name of the Father and of the Son and of the Holy Spirit.

6)When people are baptised they are welcomed into the part of God's family we call the Church

**Key Concept 2** -Baptism makes people holy and gives them a share in the tapu and life of the Trinity(L5-7)

7)Baptism makes people holy

8) This means they are connected to God

9)God shares his life and holiness with people when they are baptised

10)Because we share God's tapu we have mana to share with others

Key Concept 3 - People are welcomed at the Eucharist (L8)

11)People are welcomed at Eucharist by the priest and the people.

# Teacher's Please Note - you will find all of these answers in the Teacher's Notes

Key Concept 1 - The Sacrament of Penance restores friendship with God and others (L1-6)

1)A Sacrament is a special way we meet Jesus and experience God's presence. 2)The Sacrament of Penance is about - circle the correct words receiving Jesus saying sorry to God praying to Mary asking for forgiveness being healed going to mass 3)Penance is also known as Reconciliation or Confession 4)People take part in this Sacrament because they want to be forgiven by God for what they have done wrong, they want to be healed from their guilt, they want to say sorry and start again they want to make peace with God. 5)Sin is when we forget to love others, when we fail to do what we know we should do, when we hurt others, when we make bad choices and when we need to change. 6)In the Sacrament of Penance the priest takes the place of Jesus 7)In the Sacrament of Penance people confess their sins and say they are sorry 8)When we do something that hurts others we need to take responsibility for their actions, to say we are sorry and show it do something to make up for the hurt we have caused. 9)The Sacrament of Penance helps people to take responsibility for their actions by owning them and naming them, saying they are sorry to God and asking for forgiveness and restoring their relationship with God, it helps people to change and grow stronger and turn away from doing wrong again. 11)It is important to say sorry to God so our relationship with God is restored so we can make peace with people and with God so we can restore our own tapu and the tapu of those we have hurt Key Concept 2 - By recognising their sins and saying sorry, people receive the forgiveness and peace of Jesus through the Rite of Reconciliation (L7-8) 12)Circle 5 things people do when they celebrate the Rite of Penance Say thanks for the celebration dance receive Jesus

listen to the Word of God say the Act of Sorrow

Confess their sins bless themselves

**Key Concept 3** - Times of praying for forgiveness during the celebration of the Eucharist (L9)

13)Name the times people ask for forgiveness, say sorry or make peace during the celebration of the Eucharist - at the Penitential Rite, the I Confess, the Our Father, The Lamb of God, the Sign of Peace, Lord I am not worthy

## Teacher's Please Note - you will find all of these answers in the Teacher's Notes

**Key Concept 1** – Recognising signs of God's presence through reflective times (L1-2)

1) God is present to me in the world through all things, all times and all places

2)People can become more aware of God's presence in the world when they stop to notice signs of God's presence, when they use their senses to recognise God's presence around them.

**Key Concept 2** - Compare everyday rituals with those of Sacraments – the greatest signs of God's presence (L3-4)

#### Match the words and their meanings

3)A ritual is	a special meeting with Jesus
4)A symbol is	a set way of doing things that is repeated
5)A Sacrament is	something that has a deeper meaning

6)Name and draw an everyday symbol and describe how it is used in a ritual in a celebration

Water - is poured on the head of a person during baptism to cleanse them and help them to grow in love of God

A candle - is lit to remind people that Jesus is present and he is the light of the world

it on the line

A Bible – is read so people can hear Jesus speaking to them

Oil - is rubbed on people to help them grow strong

Match a symbol with the Sacrament it is used in and draw		
7)Water	Confirmation	
8) <mark>Oil</mark>	Penance	
9)Hands placed over head	Eucharist	
10)Bread and wine	Baptism	

**Key Concept 3** – The Eucharist as a Sacred Meal where the Bread and Wine is changed into the Body and Blood of Jesus Christ through the Holy Spirit (L5-7)

11)Eucharist a sacred meal because

- It is the gathering of the people of God
- It is a time to worship God
- It is time to give thanks and praise to God

It is a time for people to be united with God and one another

It is a time for people to receive Jesus' body and blood

### Teacher's Please Note - you will find all of these answers in the Teacher's Notes

Key Concept 1 - How Jesus identified with people who need healing and how does the Sacrament of Penance bring healing (L1-3)

1)	Jesus healed people's minds, bodies and souls when he was o by touching them and by respecting them and		
2)	) Jesus brings healing to people today through the priest		
	in the Sacrament of Penance when he speaks the words of absolution that helps to bring them peace in their hearts		
	they can feel his gentle touch when the priest stretches out his hand over their head		
	that helps them renew their friendship with God.		
	the laying on of hands		
<u>Key Co</u>	oncept 2 - The Sacrament of Anointing (L4-6	)	
3)	Jesus heals people of their sins today through the Sacraments of Penance and Heal	ng.	
4)	Name the 2 Sacraments of Healing		
	Penance or Reconciliation	Anointing of the Sick	
5)	The Sacrament of Healing includes	-	
	A welcome and a blessing with holy water	A time to say sorry for their sins	
	A reading from Scripture	A Litany prayer	
	The priest places his hands on the sick people	The oil is prayed over	
	The anointing of the foreheads and hands with	oil Prayer and the Our Father	
	People receive communion	Prayer and a hymn	

#### Key Concept 3 - Sacraments bring grace for all of the Christian life (L6-7)

6) The special grace the Sacrament of Healing brings to people is the strength to face what is to come with peace in their hearts.

7) Sacrament The grace it brings to people who lead a Christian life.	7)	Sacrament	the grace it brings to people who lead a Christian life.
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' '	oucrument	The grace if brings to people who lead a chilistian inte.
	Baptism	frees them from sin and helps them to live the new life of Christ,
	Confirmation	confirms them in the Holy Spirit who helps them to grow
		strong in their faith and friendship with God and follow
		Christ faithfully
	Penance	gives people strength to make the right choices in their lives and
		reconciles them with God and each other
	Eucharist	is food to feed their holy selves and unites people with God and share
		the love they have received from God with one another
	Anointing of the Sick	gives people grace, spiritual strength, peace and courage
	Holy Orders	helps priests to look after God's people by preaching the gospel,
		celebrating the Sacraments with them and helping them to grow closer
		to God
	Marriage	helps married people's love for each other to grow, and the grace to
	-	be loving parents helping their children to know and love God

#### Key Concept 4 - Participation in the Eucharist (L8)

8) Stick figure pictures of people, praying, singing, reading and listening to the Word of God, giving and receiving communion, watching the priest at the altar, taking up the gifts, giving each other the Sign of Peace,

### Teacher's Please Note - you will find all of these answers in the Teacher's Notes

Key Concept 1 - The meaning of Sacrament in the lives of Catholics (L1-3)

1)A Sacrament is	3	
a sign tha		h tells something of the power and love of God
a way to e	experience God throug	gh all that is good
an outwar	d sign of an inward gr	ace
2) Times when pe	eople experience a sad	crament – circle what you think is correct
in the church	at the beach	when holding a new baby
in a garden	at the shops	everywhere
3) Give an examp	le of how you experie	nce sacraments
At times of happ	iness and fun	
When I feel stro	ong enough to get thre	ough a hard time
When I am filled	l with wonder when I	see something beautiful
When I feel and	cared for and loved b	by someone
In the church wł	nen I receive communi	ion
When I celebrat	e forgiveness in Reco	nciliation
4) Jesus is a sac	rament because	
he was the gr	eatest and most clear	r sign of God in the world

he made God known by his words and teaching and by the way he lived his life

- he made God present on earth
- he was truly God-with-us
- he is truly present when any of the Sacraments are celebrated

5)An example that shows how people experienced God when they met Jesus Zacchaeus was completely changed from a dishonest tax collector into an honest man The man with the withered arm was healed Peter's mother in law was healed Lazarus and Jairus' daughter were raised to life 6) The Church can be a sign of God's love Because it is filled with the Holy Spirit of Jesus Its members' lives are a visible sign of God's love It strives to bring peace, justice, mercy and love into the world It cares for those in need By celebrating the Sacraments

<u>Key Concept 2 - The rituals, symbols, rites and purpose of the Sacraments of Initiation (L4-5)</u> 7)Name the three Sacraments of Initiation and what their purpose is

Sacrament	Purpose
a) Baptism	born to a new life, become members of the Church, share in God's holiness
b) Confirmation	increases God grace in people, strengthened with the gifts of the Spirit,
c) Eucharist	binds people more closely to God and to each other, grow in grace and holiness

Key Concept 3 – The Celebration of the Eucharist as a Sacrifice (L6-7)

8)A sacrifice means to offer a gift to God, the giver of all gifts. It pleases God. Jesus' sacrifice was his whole life and his death which is recalled in the Eucharist

### Teacher's Please Note - you will find all of these answers in the Teacher's Notes

Key Concept 1 - The meaning of Sacraments in the life of the church (L1)

1)The Sacraments of Initiation are Baptism, Confirmation, Eucharist

2)The purpose of these Sacraments is to enable people to become full members of the Church, committed to Christ and his way of life

3) The Sacraments of Healing are Penance and Anointing of the Sick

4)The purpose of these Sacraments is to give people inner strength and peace. They restore people's tapu and reconcile them to God and to one another.

5) The Sacraments of Commitment are Holy Orders and Marriage

6)The purpose of these Sacraments is to consecrate those who receive them for important roles of service in the life of the community. Holy Orders ordains men for spiritual leadership within the Church community. Through Word and Sacrament they are to lead people to God. Marriage enables a couple to grow in their love for one another and in holiness and grace so they can live Christian lives to the full.

Key Concept 2 – The ritual, symbol, rite and purpose of the Sacrament of Holy Orders (L2-4) 7)The Sacrament of Holy Orders is the Sacrament

is the Sacrament by which men are ordained for priesthood.

during the celebration of the Sacrament the bishop lays his hands on the man and consecrates him calling on the Holy Spirit

the priest is presented with a stole and a chasuble to wear which are signs of priesthood the bishop anoints the man's hands with oil of chrism and prays that he will lead God's people to holiness.

all present at the celebration share the Sign of Peace.

8)A priest serves the people in a parish

by preaching and teaching the gospel to the people.

as a shepherd for the people in their parish leading them to follow Jesus and do his work in the world.

by leading the celebration of the Sacraments

by being a model of faith and prayer

Key Concept 3 - The Eucharist as strength to go out and serve others(L5-6)

9)People are strengthened by the Eucharist to live their lives in memory of Christ to respond to the needs of others with aroha and tika to live lives of love and service as Jesus did

10)Some ways young people go out and serve others are Helping around the home willingly and faithfully Offering to help classmates at school who are having trouble Initiating activities that help people in need in other countries

Key Concept 4 - The blessed and broken experiences of life (L7)

11)An example of a blessed experience in my life was When my mother recovered from a serious illness God was present in it as God gave her strength to get better especially after she had been anointed by the priest.

12)An example of a broken experience in my life When my parents split up God was present in it through the support and love of my grandparents and my friends.

# Teacher's Please Note - you will find all of these answers in the Teacher's Notes

# **Key Concept 1** - The Vocation of Marriage and the Sacrament of Marriage (L1-3)

1)Commitment means making a lifelong promise to live out the promises you make 2)A vocation to live in Christian marriage means

A couple will live together and grow in love for each other and in their relationship with God To live in a sacred lifelong commitment to grow in love and friendship with each other. To work out difficulties together and grow in trust, understanding and companionship To bring new people into the world and to educate and care for them To teach their children about their faith and forgiveness

### 3) People get married because

they answer the call to live the vocation of marriage in love and friendship they love each other and want to commit themselves to sharing their lives together faithfully they want to create a new family and have children to love and care for and educate they want to help each other to grow in God's love and to share this with others

### 4)Important milestones in a Christian marriage are

Friendship - Dating - Commitment Engagement - Marriage - Married life - The Birth of Children - Rearing, Loving and Educating Children - Times of Difficulty - Marriage Relationship Strengthens - Couple grow Older - Children Become Independent -Children Marry - New Generation begins - Cycle of Life Continues

### 5) Parts of the celebration of the Sacrament of Marriage are

The Liturgy of the Word The Exchange of Consent - the Marriage Vows The Reception of Consent Blessing and Exchange of Rings Nuptial Blessing

The Statement of Intentions Liturgy of the Eucharist

### Key Concept 2 - The commitment of living the Christian life (L4)

6) Ways people show they are committed to living a Christian way of life are They read and listen to the Word of God They rely on the Holy Spirit working in them They are part of the Christian community who encourages them, inspires and helps them to persevere to live faithfully. They touch and are touched by the lives of others who follow Jesus

They take time to reflect on their life to help them grow spiritually

### **Key Concept 3** - The Eucharist as Holy Communion (L5)

7) Communion means being in union with those who receive communion often are drawn more deeply into union with Jesus growing as a member of the body of Christ being in union with one another in the Church breaking down barriers that divide people so that all may be one working towards rangimarie and justice

9)Holy Communion unites people with Jesus and with each other because They share the one body - Christ's body They work together to support each other's love and faithfulness Sharing the Eucharist together breaks down barriers and enables people to grow in unity and love with God and each other